PROGRAMMING EDUCATION USING A FUNCTIONAL PROGRAMMING LANGUAGE

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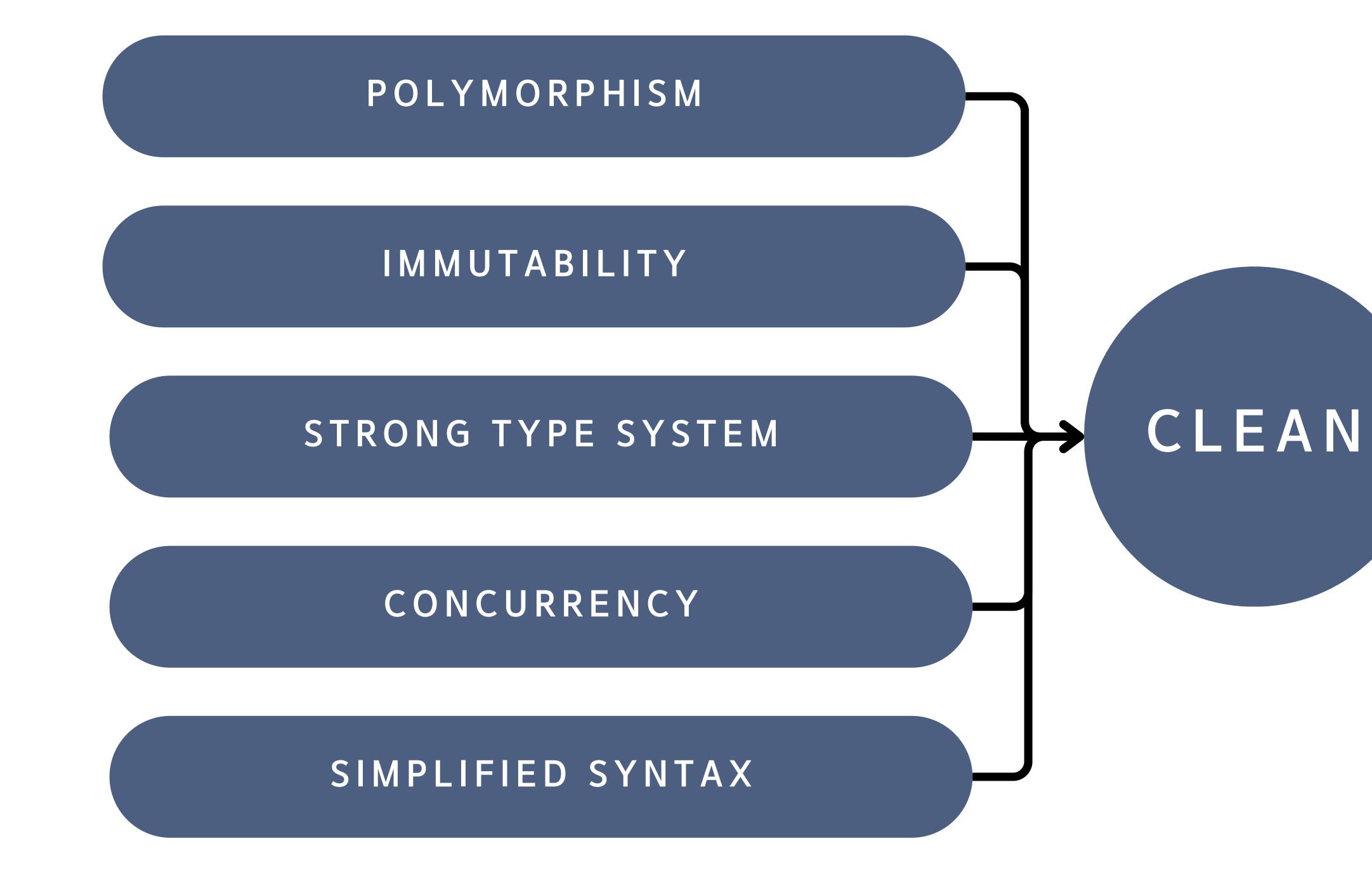
INTRODUCTION

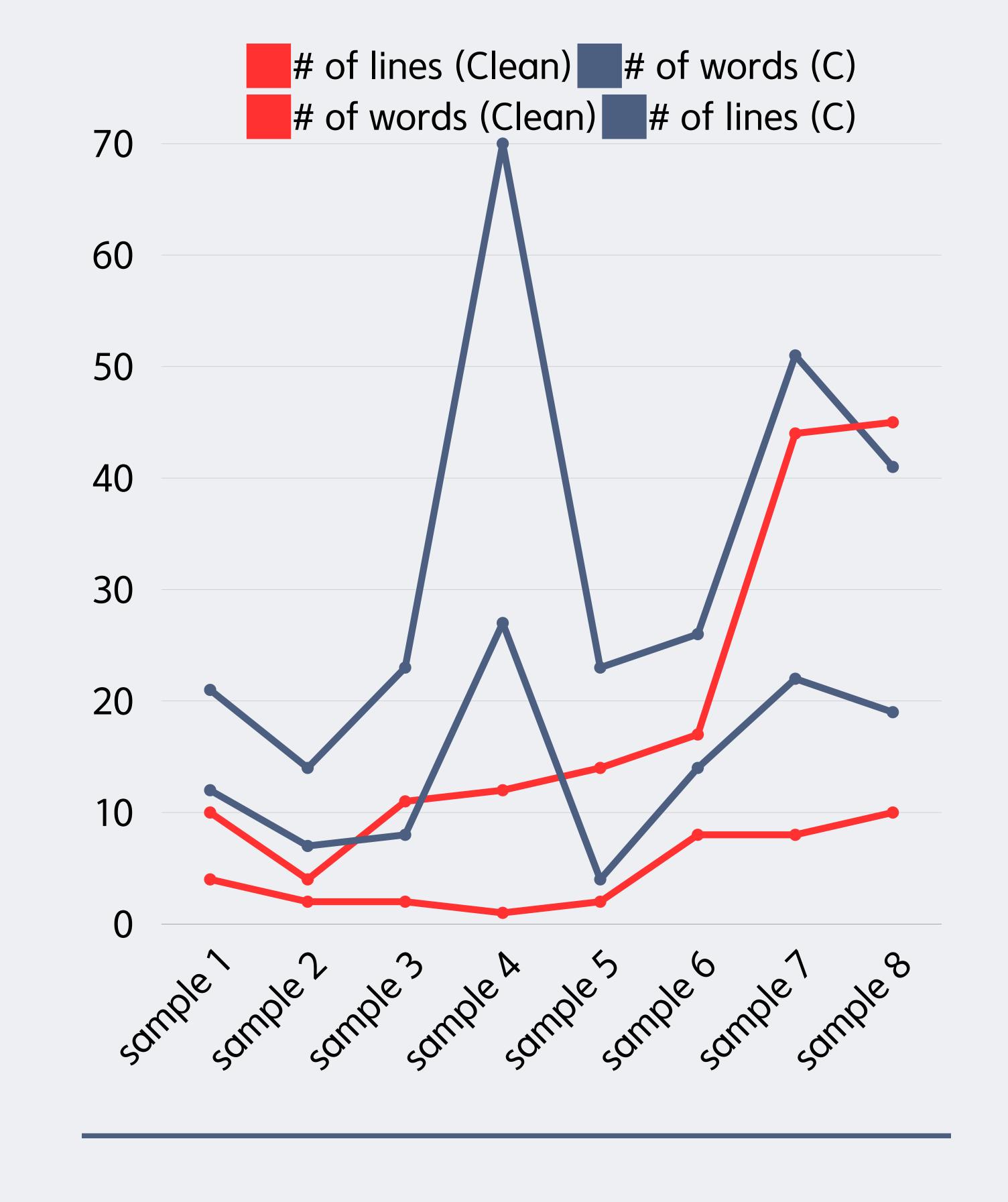
RESULTS

The choice of programming language significantly

A comparative analysis was conducted between Clean and the C programming language, focusing on basic programming tasks. C code, on average, required approximately six times more lines and four times more words than Clean code, highlighting Clean's ability to produce concise and readable code.

influences a student's initial experience with coding, shaping their understanding, engagement, and success. This poster argues that Clean is a language that simplifies possible complexities that can pose significant challenges to beginners for fostering a positive and productive learning experience. productive learning experience.





OBJECTIVES

1. Evaluate Clean Programming Language: To assess the potential benefits of using the Clean programming



language in introductory programming courses.
2. Comparison with Traditional Languages: To compare Clean with a traditional language like C, focusing on basic programming tasks such as sequencing, conditional statements, iterations, and termination.
3. Analyze Cognitive Load: To analyze how Clean's

features impact the cognitive load and overall comprehension for beginners.

4. **Promote Effective Learning**: To provide insights into how adopting Clean can enhance engagement and success in learning fundamental programming concepts.

Clean's mathematical function-inspired syntax and high-level abstractions allow students to focus on understanding fundamental programming concepts without being overwhelmed by complex syntax rules. For future work, we plan to conduct a substantial user study to assess Clean's actual impact on learning, comparing it with other programming languages.

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