CHALLENGES OF ARCHITECTURAL EDUCATION IN MEXICO: GLOBALIZATION, PERI-URBAN SEMIOTICS AND SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITIES

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Florence, June 2019



Objective

 To introduce new architectural approaches widening the stance of architectural education, to understand the importance of forms of meaningful socio-spatial organizations in the creation of habitable space.

Contents

- Background
- The big question is....?
- Theory framework
- Experiential learning in collaborative workshops
- Projects carried out
- Conclusion

Background

- The globalized economy:
 - Public policy: tying the nation up to global economic networks.
 - Cities as nodes in these networks.
 - Re-signification of urban territories through architectural image.
 - Socio-urban inclusion and exclusion.

Developer and management agents:

- Interest on economically promising urban areas.
- High cost urban development vs. local human contents of place.
- Expropriations and expulsion of local population due to intensive real-estate business.





The big question is...?

For whom is the Mexican urbanization planned?





Theory framework: Critical Realism, semiotics of habitable space and Experiential Learning

- Critical Realism (CR):
 - Transdisciplinary understanding of social, economic and environmental context.
 - Achieving locally sensible sustainability to attend the socio-human dimension.
 - Context as socially constructed or produced: materially shaped by social practices.
 - Existentially produced by cultural meanings, discourses and representations.

New approaches to teaching and learning:

- Enhancing learning skills in the framework of creative and critical thinking.
- Collaboration and cooperation, conflict management, decision-making and problem-solving.
- Planning beyond the narrow canonical, economic or political limits.

The Systemic Functional Semiotics (SFS):

 Semiotic processes and practices in the development of constructed environments.

Experiential learning:

- Participation in societal development: critical, creative, innovative and highest technical level education.
- Accomplishment of research with social conscience: equal distribution of the benefits of globalization.

Kolb's Experiential Learning Cycle's four dimensions:

- 1) Abstract conceptualization.
- 2) Active experimentation.
- 3) Concrete experience.
- 4) Assessment of the outcomes and reflective observation.

Experiential learning in collaborative workshops

- Involving students with professionals and local stakeholders:
 - Discovering, analysing, and assuming complexity of social-spatial reality.
 - Educational need focused on local perspective or New Localism.
- New localism:
 - Critical perspective to different social design practices.
 - Adopting Regenerative Design and Social Urbanism.



- Regenerative design: The human being is:
 - A source for environmental regeneration.
 - The site of architectural-urban intervention.
 - The interphase combining land uses, community development, edification and environmental meanings creation.

- Designer as the key agent for change: Adoption of regenerative design:
 - Capacity of living systems to co-evolve to new levels of diversity, complexity, creativity.
 - Life through participation and collaboration.

Cholula-project (2017)

- Solutions to the pressure of the rapid urban growth and land speculation.
- Collaborative workshop: re-creation of an ancestral agricultural auto-production mechanism.

17/27









Tochimilco-project (2018)

- Identification of resilient strategies to improve population's emergency responses to natural disasters (earthquakes and volcano eruptions).
- Intervention projects to improve rural development and local governance to strengthen community building and identity through transmission of local contextual meanings.

21/27















Conclusion

Mexican urban peripheries:

- Transformation processes: clash between local cultural and social performativities and external economic and political demands.
- Experiential Learning practices: semiotic and phenomenological understanding of the environment.

Experiential Learning in Architecture:

- Locally structured collaborative workshops to explore alternative approaches to architectural teaching and learning.
- Identification of innovative professional practices sensible to Mexican realities.



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