Graphic Novels: A Bridge Between Print and Media for ELL Teaching

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Historical perspective of Graphic Novels

- 1978 "graphic novel" was coined by Will Eisner with A Contract with God and Other Tenement Stories
- 1981 The first U.S. bound series of comics for children was published. The graphic novel was Elfquest by Windi Pini.
- 2002 the movie Spider-man led to more awareness toward comic and graphic novels

Historical Perspective Cont.

2008 Toon Books launched graphic formatted books Francoise Mouly and Art Spiegelman responsible for this vision

First study

- Public charter elementary school
- Six weeks
- Three university faculty members, one graduate students and a volunteer cartoonist
- First and second grade students

First Study Cont.

- Participants: non-readers to confident readers
- Preliminary inquiry: Survey, sequencing a comic strip
- Length of the Study: Six lessons focusing on sequencing

Second Study

- Participants: English as another language Master Degree students
- Pre-service teachers
- Length of the Study: A semester
- Experience: Knowledgeable working with ELLs

Inquiry:

- How did educators approach graphic novels?
- What personal connections did educators make?
- How would educators use graphic novels in their own classroom?

How did educators approach graphic novels?

- "I struggle with looking at the pictures. I often just skip over them unintentionally as I search for text on the page..."
- "I thought was a very exciting topic. I remember reading X-Men graphic novels when I was a kid, and I loved them"

What personal connections did they make?

- "I was interested that graphic novels are being treated as legitimate literacy experiences ..."
- "It is cool to me how our brains work differently which adds to your ability to be a filmmaker"
- "I have used comics as a reward for motivating students but it never occurred to me to use graphic novels as actual content "

How would they use graphic novels?

- "I would love to incorporate them in reading and building exercises into a curriculum. Not only does it put reading into a more entertaining context for kids..."
- "I really would like to learn how to teach a graphic novel because sometimes I think it really improves critical thinking"
- "It seems to me that graphic novels would be an excellent introduction for students to both literature and visual arts"

- Study:
- Pedagogy of multiliteracies (New London Group, 1996)
- Read: American Born Chinese (2006) by Gene Luen
- Strategy: Literature Circles
- Self select a graphic novel

Multiliteracies, with its four dimensional instructional framework: 1) situated practice, which draws in part from students' own life experiences; (2) overt instruction that introduces metalanguages to deconstruct the myriad and multimodal ways in which meaning is constructed; (3) critical framing of the cultural and social context in which meaning is disseminated and understood; and (4) transformed practice that aims to resituate all of these meaning-making practices to other cultural sites or contexts.

American Born Chinese

- 2006 Michael L. Printz Award (an American Library Association award, given to the best book for teens) and the YALSA (Young Adult Library Services Association) for Great Graphic Novel award
- Finalist for the 2006 National Book Award

Findings and Recommendations

- Students and teachers unfamiliar with primary graphic novels
- Challenging creating stories in such short time
- Grasped the concept of sequencing stories
- Familiar with primary graphic novels
- Enthusiastic about reading books on their own

Conclusions

- Graphic novels are tools for exploring multiple literacies
- Graphic novels promote critical literacies for ELLs at all levels
- Graphic novels foster understanding of content and language use
- Graphic novels provide comprehensible input