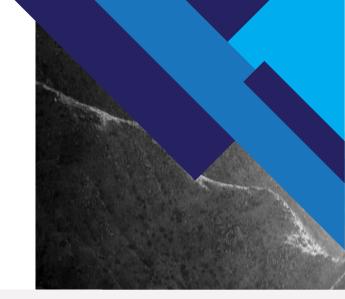
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A Cognitive Semantic Analysis of ROAD Concept in English and Japanese Expressions

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Outline



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Why "ROAD"?

ROAD is one of the most common human experiences

ROAD concept words: way, road, path, street, route, and so on 道(michi / dō)、路(ro/ji)、通り(tōri)

<abstract concepts>

- the *road* to success
- the way of life
- the path of learning





- : how each language links bodily experience with abstract thought
- : how that connection is **shared** or **different** between the two



PATH Schema

Cognitive Semantics

- Our physical experiences shape how we think about the world.
- → The way of thinking is reflected in our verbal expressions.
- ⇒ by analyzing language expressions, we can understand how people conceptualize their experience.

<PATH Schema>

Source

Path

Goal

Starting Point

He launched his career.

Process / Progression

He's on the right path.

Endpoint

He achieved success.







Our physical sense of movement through space serves as a conceptual foundation for abstract thought about life, learning, and personal growth.



[way]

Original meaning: to move, to go

Focus: **Movement itself** — the actor in motion.

Now: The most **general** and **abstract**

Abstract: manner or method —the way of life, the way of thinking

Core: how something is done

[road]

Original meaning: a journey on horseback (ride)

Focus: The route prepared for travel

Now: A **constructed** route

Abstract: **progress toward a goal**—the **road** to the Olympic Games

Core: process and achievement

way to success: the method or approach to achieve it

road to success: the milestones toward a goal

[path]

Original meaning: footprints or track made by walking

Focus: trail formed by repeated movement

Now: spontaneous, organic route

Abstract : individual process — career path, life path

Core: personal development and progress

[route]

Original meaning: cleared or chosen way

Focus: fixed course chosen or designed in advance (evacuation route)

Now: structured and goal-directed pathway

Abstract: planned and designated — route of trade

Core: organization, planning, and destination

[course]

Original meaning: running, flowing, or onward movement

Focus: continuous, directed sequence

Now: institutional or programmatic route

Abstract : **ordered process** — *course* of study

Core: systematic progression and continuity

path: organic progress

route: planned movement toward a goal

course: an institutionalized and structured process

[trail]

Original meaning: a mark or trace left by movement

Focus: trace of exploration — a way formed by those who went before

Now: exploratory path (hiking trail)

Abstract : **following traces**, not defining a route— *leave a trail*, paper trail

Core: discovery and pursuit

[track]

Original meaning: footprints or wheel marks left on the ground

Focus: **repetition and following a line** — a path already set

Now: marked or guided route (train track, race track)

Abstract: systematic, guided progress rather than free exploration

—career **track**

Core: regulated progress within a system

More concrete words are less likely to be metaphorically extended.

street, avenue, boulevard: specific urban spaces

[street]

Original meaning: paved way

Focus: social spaces where people walk, live, and interact (street market)

[avenue]

Original meaning: an approach or access way to a destination

Focus: broad, organized street

[boulevard]

Original meaning: a wide, fortified road around a city

Focus: large, scenic roads symbolizing scale and elegance

Japanese ROAD Words: Origins & Core Concepts

【道 (michi / dō)】

辵(to walk) + 首 (head): carrying a head while walking for purification

- → eventually general 'way' (the most typical word)... **Way**
- ⇒人生の<u>道</u> (the way of life), 茶<u>道(the way</u> of tea)



【路 (ro / ji)】

- →designated or institutional routes...*route*
- ⇒通学<u>路</u> (school <u>route</u>), 進<u>路</u>(career <u>path</u>) 🤰



Japanese ROAD Words: Origins & Core Concepts

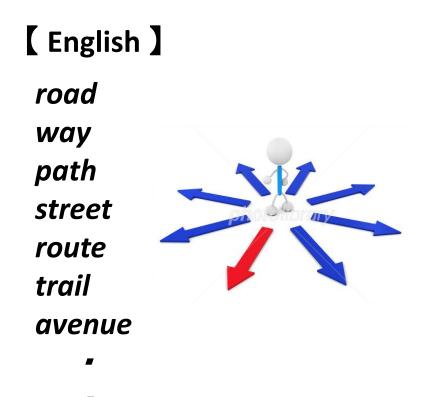
【通り(tōri)】



⇒目抜き<u>通り(main street)</u>, 裏<u>通り(backstreet)</u>...**street**, avenue

English vs Japanese Lexicalization

English and Japanese lexicalize the Road concept differently.



道(michi / dō) 路(ro/ji)

diversifies meaning across many fine-grained words

→ Precision

consolidates it into small but flexible system

→ Compactness

Conclusion

Main Findings

- Both English and Japanese conceptualize "ROAD" based on the embodied PATH schema.
- English expresses it through many fine-grained terms (way, path, route...), showing an analytic tendency.
- Japanese condenses it into a few flexible morphemes (道・路・通り), reflecting a holistic and contextual approach.
- These differences reveal how each language links physical experience to abstract thought in culturally distinct ways.

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Thank you very much for your attention.