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Why

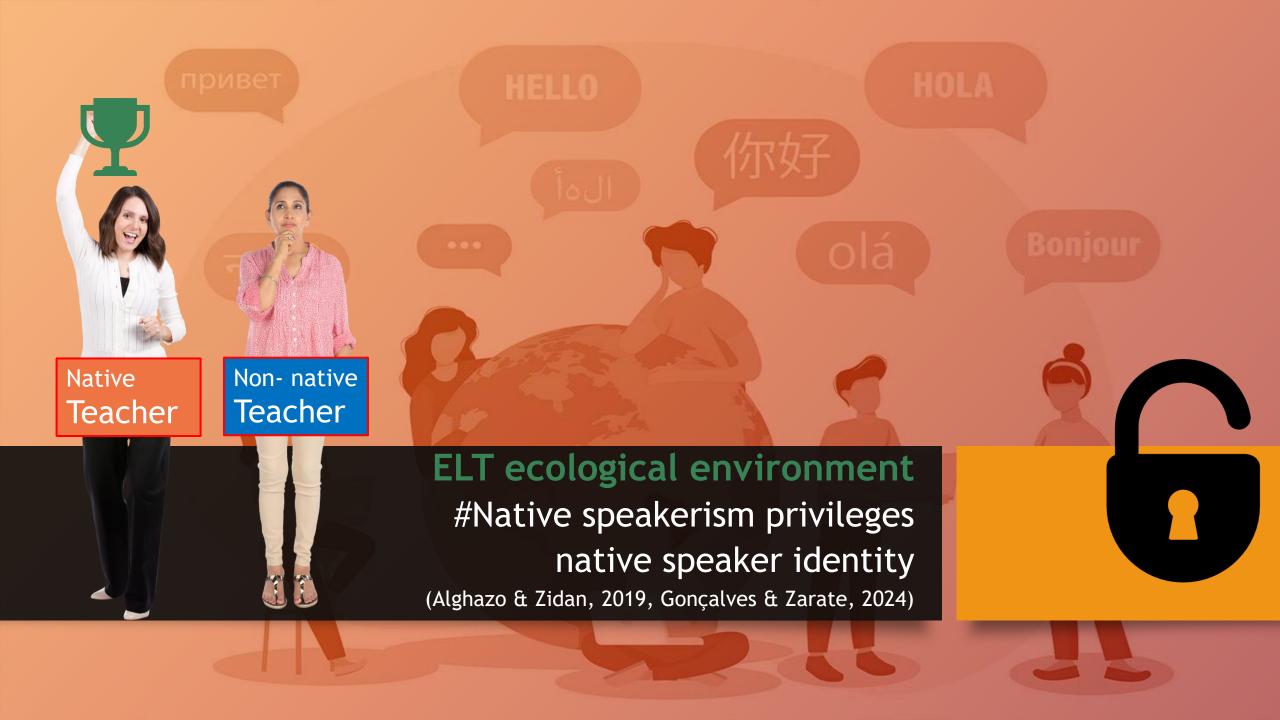
Teachers lack confidence to teach L2 pronunciation (Couper, 2017, Buss, 2016, Tsang, 2021)

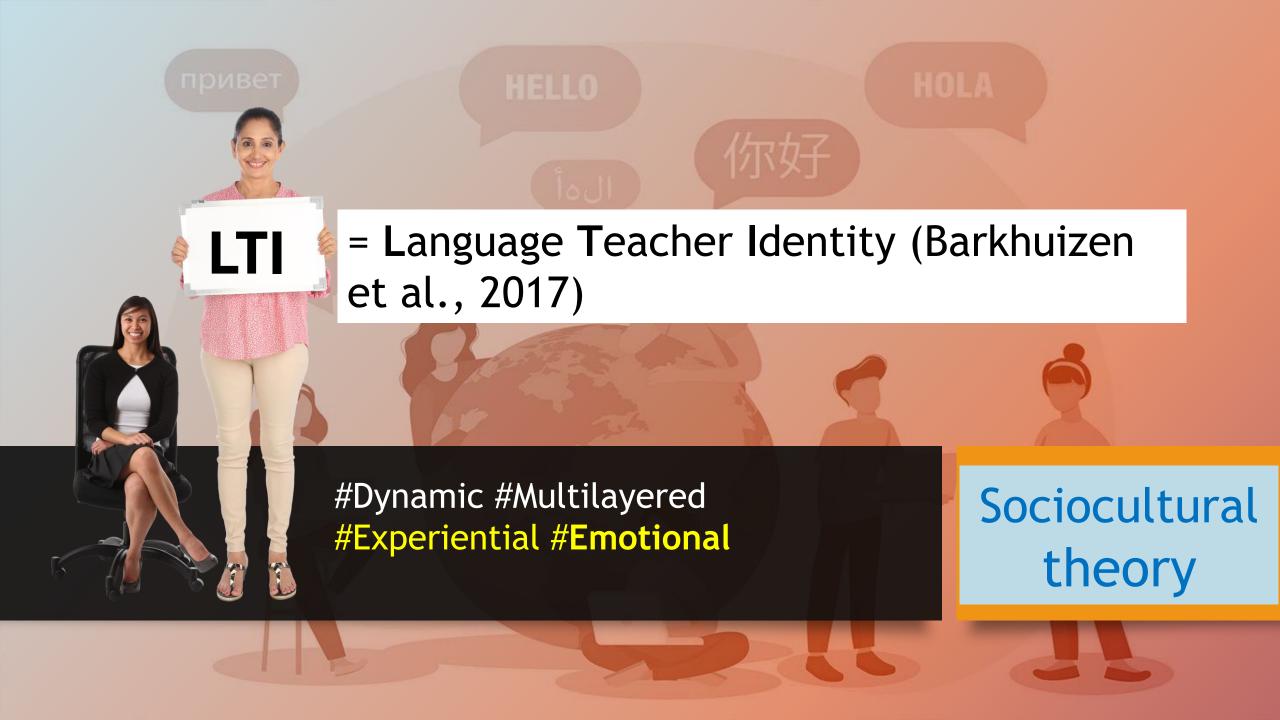
They say...

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↓ #Inadequacy (Bernat, 2008)

↓ #Accent dissatisfaction

↓ #Limitations (in time,
    pedagogical and phonological
    knowledge) (Foote, Holtby, Derwing, 2011)
    neglected skill :(
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A quantitative study

- Develop prospective teachers' self-knowledge
- Use an innovative methodology to capture <u>emotions</u> and <u>lived experiences</u> in a quantitative manner

Research questions:

- How does it feel to speak my L2?
- How does my L2 accent feel?
- What would my L2 pronunciation instruction look like?

Participants and L2 Felt Identity Instrument



The survey was administered to **71 pre-service teachers** and it was written in *Spanish*. It contained **10** *items* with <u>three</u> types of questions:

- 1 Semantic differential scales
- 2 Categorical metaphor items
- 3 Binary choice items

1. Semantic differentials



Here are a few examples of semantic differentials that were used in the study.

• To mesure the degree to which speakers felt L2 pronunciation was an integrated part of themselves, a scale named **Ownership** was used.

An imitation 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 A part of me

1. Semantic differential



• To mesure the speakers' perceived freedom of expression, a semantic differential scale termed **Liberating** was used.

Limiting 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 Liberating

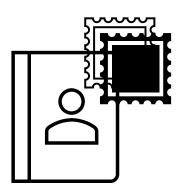
• Accent experience was a methaphorical

scale whose poles were:

'Like wearing a passport on your forehead' (1)

'Like carrying a passport with multiple stamps' (7)





2. Metaphor Items



To explore the multifaceted nature of L2 identity, we included:

multiple-choice items requiring participants to select **one or two** metaphors that best described their experience.

This categorical variable was named <u>L2 Speaker Persona</u> and included options such as:

- 'At home'
- 'An actor on stage'
- 'A chameleon'

3. Binary choice items



To measure the construct of Identity Shift, participants had to choose between two statements.

- a. 'I am the same person'
- b. 'I behave and think differently when I speak my L2'

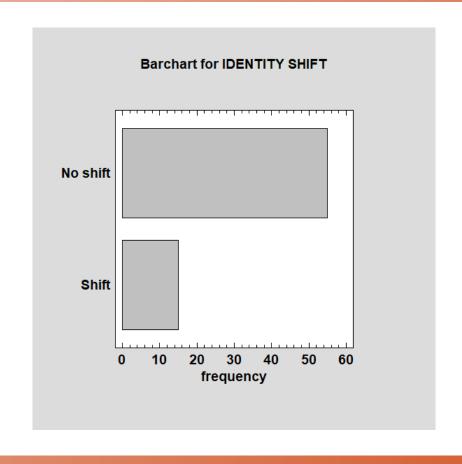
Statgraphics v. 18



- Descriptive (mean, median and standard deviation)
- Inferential statistics (Pearson product-moment correlations)

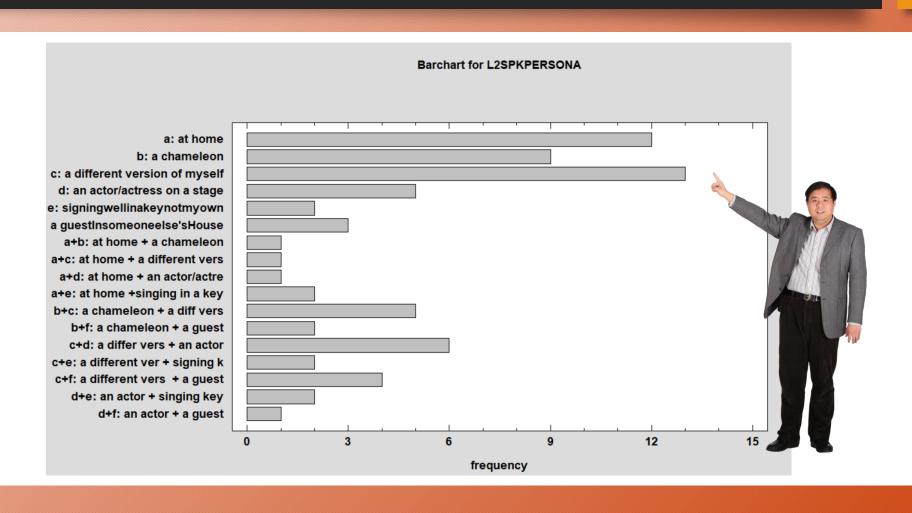
Findings #1. A stable self, but...





1. A stable self, but a multilayered persona

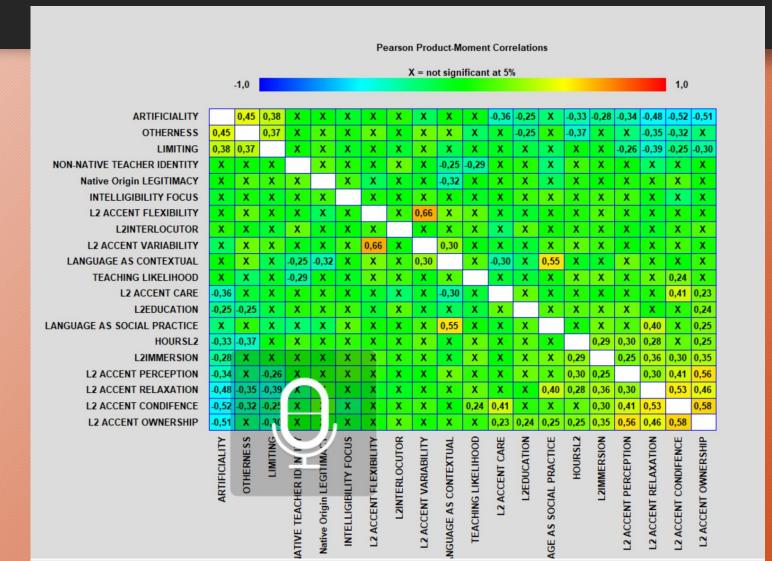








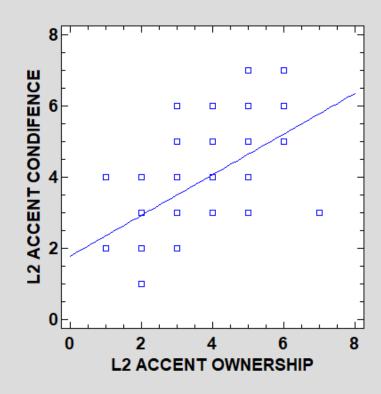
Findings #2 Inauthentic vs. Authentic self



Findings #3 Accent ownership as a predictor of L2 Accent confidence







Conclusion



- Pedagogical approaches should integrate new L2 socially-siatuated and socially-developed identities within the larger self.
- Avoid conventional labels in the construction of an individual's profesional identity.

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