



# **IP RESEARCH FOR BUSINESS EDUCATION**

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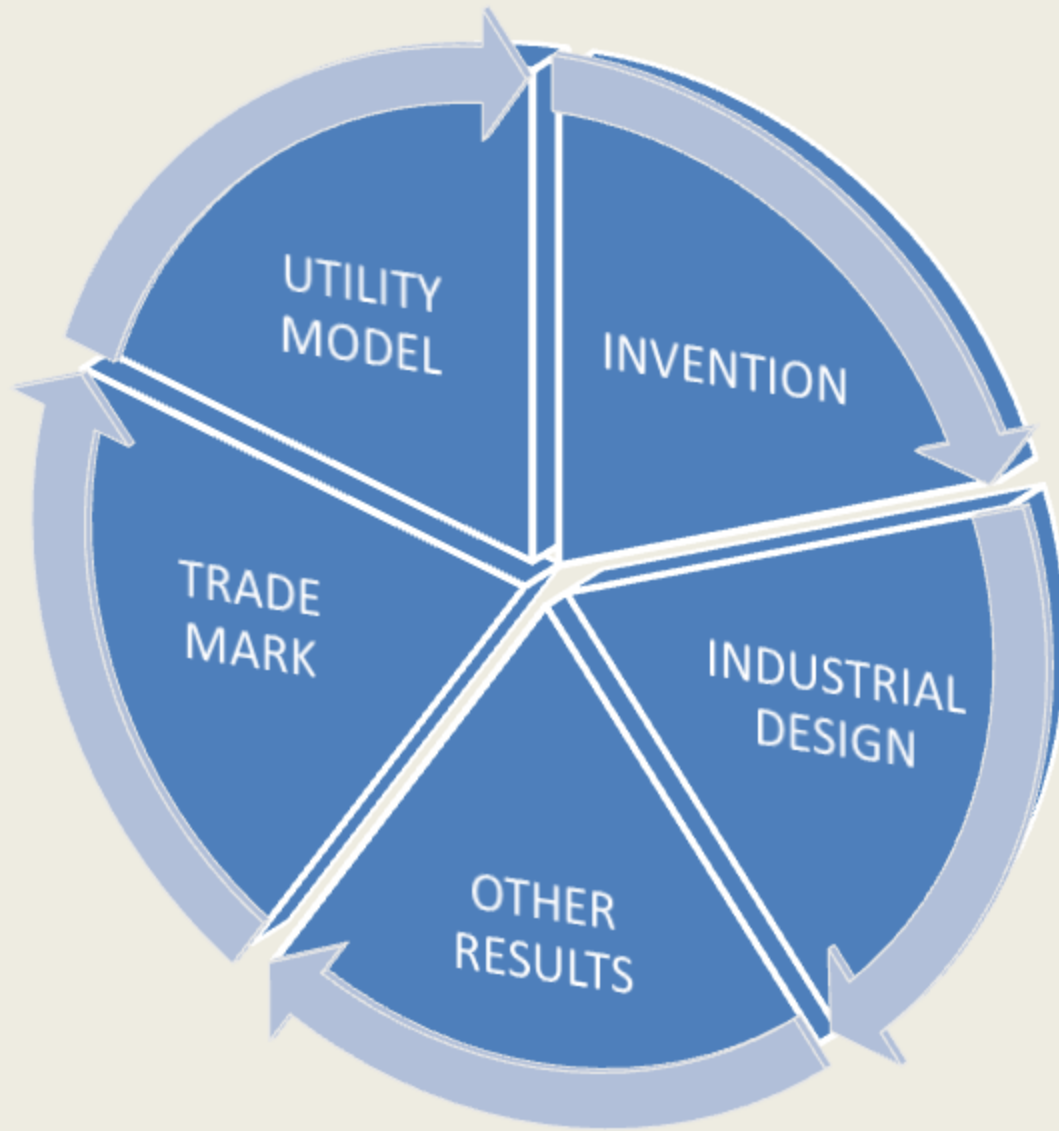
As we know the IP system includes patents, utility models /UM/, industrial designs /ID/, trade marks /TM/ and others results of human intellectual efforts.

Abbreviations:

IP – intellectual property; IPR – IP rights

I–invention, P–patent;

ID–industrial design, TM–trade mark



IP SYSTEM



IP research is a research of the main objects of IP regarding the business implementation as follows:

1. Product and technological innovation;
2. Business indicators.

IP RESEARCH

for

PRODUCT  
AND  
TECHNOLOGICAL  
INNOVATIONS

BUSINESS INDICATORS



Research  
for  
product and  
technological innovation



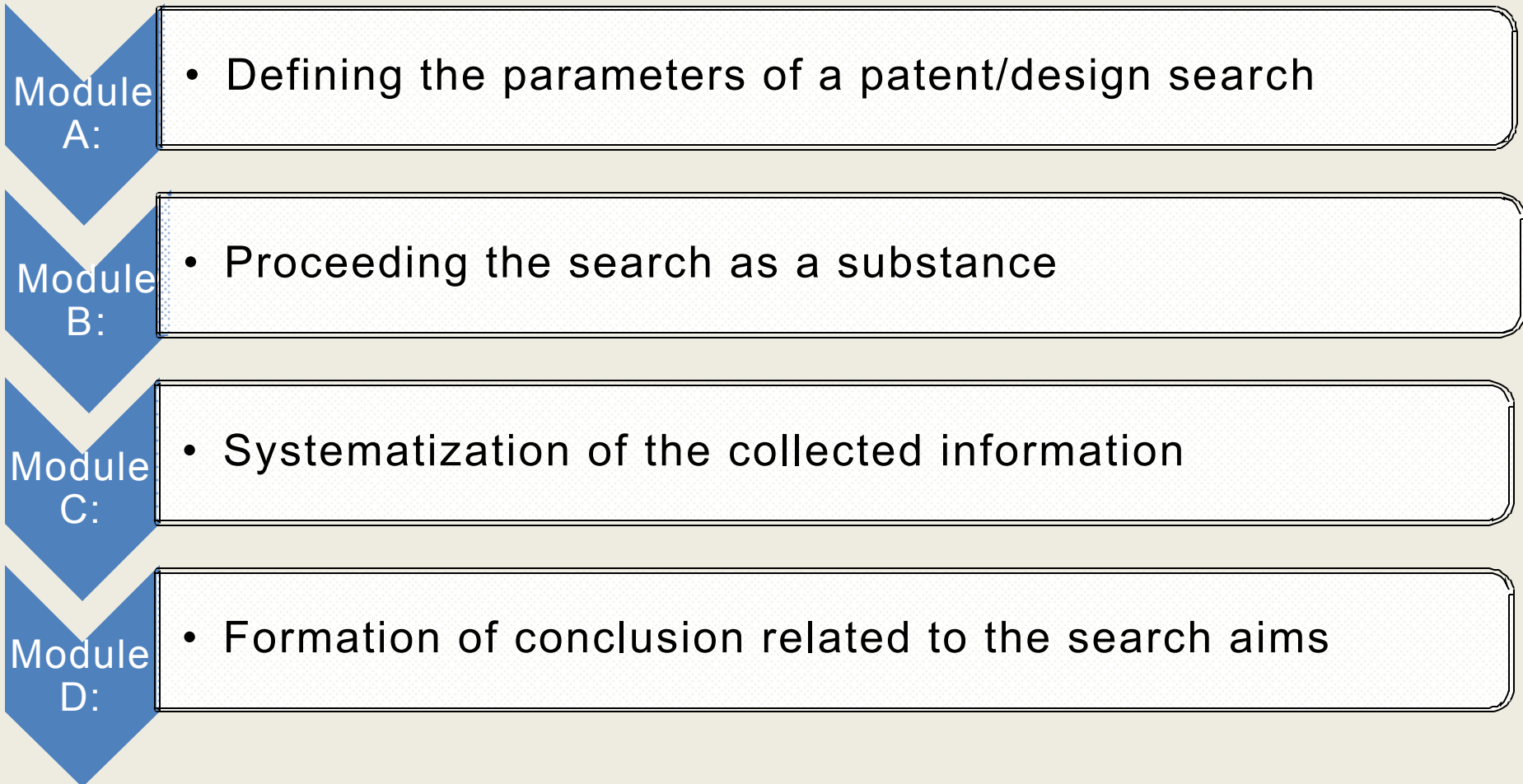
IP rights on product and technological innovations that are new and industrially applicable, could be obtained in the following main legal ways:

A/ patent for invention;

B/ certificate for utility models;

C/ certificate for industrial designs.

# Principle method for patent, UM or ID search includes the following steps:







## Module A:

### Define the parameters of a patent/design search

1. **objectives of the study** – trends of the specific product and/or technological field; options for patentability of the specific new decision of product or technology; patent/design purity – specific legal term of non infringement of other's patent rights;
2. **the range of countries** – territory of BG, EC, others relating the market business aims;
3. **the depth of search** – examples: in research of trend the common depth is around 20- 25 years; in research of patentability – the period for research starts with the first application or issued IP documents;
4. **the way of search of DB** of patent/design documentation.



# We differ 5 types of search

A. search based on IP classifications in the innovations field – International patent classification /IPC/ or European classification /ECLA/ for patents and UM, Locarno classification for ID.

For patents and UM search through ECLA index of interested product of technology field identify the classification index according to the ECLA:

- A – human necessities;
- B – performing operation, transportations;
- C – chemistry, metallurgy;
- D – textile, paper;
- E – fixed constructions;
- F – mechanical engineering, lighting, heating, weapons, engines, e
- G - physics;
- H – electricity;
- Y - general tagging of new technological developments.



## ID search

For ID generally we may use the following Locarno indexes - 32 classes as whole in classification index according to the Locarno classification of ID – as examples in general:

- 06 – furniture;
- 09 - packages;
- 12 – transport means;
- 14 – communication equipment;
- 32 – graphic symbols, logos;



B. search through the name of the product or the technology

Generally – search in the terms like ‘cars’, ‘engine’, ‘toys’, ‘jewelery’



C. search through the name of the company or natural person

Generally we use the name of the subject - owner of the patent/ UM/ ID



D. search through the name of natural person – creator

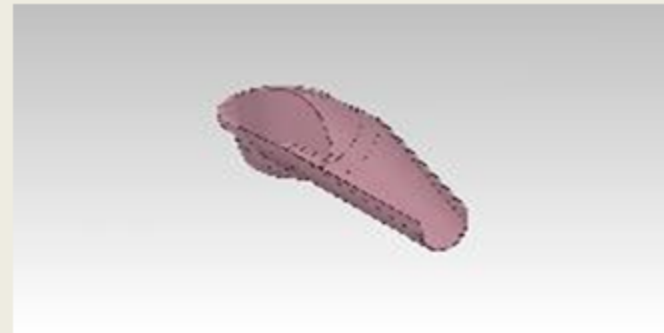
Generally we may use the name of an inventor of the patent/ UM or the name of a designer of ID



## E. search the specified patent, UM or ID number

Generally we may use:

- the number of patent like BG1762 – ‘PORTABLE ELECTRONIC DEVICE FOR MEASURING FLAT RADIUSES AND INDICATORS’
- ID number like 002920074-0001- Tubes [for fluid distribution]





Module B:  
proceeding the search as a  
substance



# All types of patent search start with:

1-st step

- open the window 'patent search' on the web site of EPO/ OAMI and put the identified index;

2-nd step

- put the identified index, name or number in the specific place

3-th step

- proceeding the search on the DB of millions patents

4-th step

- systemize the displayed on the screen results following the defined earlier aims

The main digitally based information sources for this search are the following web sites

- [www.epo.org](http://www.epo.org) - for patented and applied inventions; for registered UM;
- [www.oami.europa.eu](http://www.oami.europa.eu) - for protected ID on the territory of EC;
- [www.wipo.int/hague](http://www.wipo.int/hague) - for protected ID on the territory of 67 countries-members of Hague agreement;
- [www.bpo.org](http://www.bpo.org) - for patented and applied inventions; for registered UM, ID or TM on the territory of Bulgaria;
- [www.tmdn.com](http://www.tmdn.com) - data bases for more than 46 countries all over the world.



Europäisches  
Patentamt  
European  
Patent Office  
Office européen  
des brevets

# Advanced Search

## 1. Database

- Select the patent database in which you wish to search: Tooltip
- Worldwide - full collection of published patent applications from 90+ countries

## 2. Search terms

Enter keywords in English

- Publication number: WO2008014520
- DE19971031696 : Tooltip
- Application number WO1995US15925
- Priority number:
- Publication date:
- Applicant(s): Institute Pasteur
- Inventor(s): Smith
- European Classification (ECLA): F03G7/10
- IPC H03M1/12



# Trade marks

Add search criteria from below:

- Trade mark information
- Trade mark representation
- Trade mark number
- Trade mark name
- Trade mark type
- Trade mark basis
- Trade mark description
- Trade mark status (CTM)
- Trade mark classification
- Owner ID number, Owner name
- Representative ID number, Representative name



# RCD

Add search criteria:

- Design number
- Verbal element
- Designer number
- Designer name
- Design status
- Reference
- Record number
- Classification – Locarno cl.
- Indication of the product
- Owners and Representatives
  - Owner ID number, Owner name, Owner country
  - Representative ID number, Representative name



# Module C: Systematization of the collected information



Generally, the systematization of the collected information depends on the aims of the search.

The systematization should pay attention and be specialized as follows:

- for different countries;
- for each country and different companies;
- for different companies and/or the names of the inventors;
- for a chosen beforehand product and technology fields



Module D:  
Formation of conclusion  
related to the search aims





We can make conclusions about:

- opportunities for protection of product/technology decisions as a patent, UM and/or ID;
- trends in specific product/technology field;
- implemented strategies of Bulgarian and foreign companies for protection of their own product or technology;
- acting license agreements on a protected product or technology;
- business intention as an aim for a future cooperation in the product/technology field



# Research for business indicators



IP rights on business indicators /BI/ could be obtained in the following main ways:

A/ as trade marks;

B/ as industrial designs

Note: BI are all of the company signs, products, communicative means and others, that can be used in the strategy of the company style for a purpose of corporate identity

# All types of patent search start with:

Module A

- Defining the parameters of the search

Module B

- Proceeding the search

Module C

- Systematization of collected information

Module D

- Formation of conclusion related to the search aims



## Module A:

# Defining the parameters of the search

- the objectives of the study – legal option for registration of TM and/or ID TM/ ID purity – specific legal term of non infringement of other's TM or ID rights, others;
- the range of countries – BG, EC, others;
- the depth of search – examples: in research of trend the common depth is around 20- 25 years;
- the way of search of DB of TM/ID documentation.



## We differ 3 main types of search

- search through the classification index of interested TM/ID /like “package’: class 6 – for TM; classes 5, 9 for ID/;
- search through the name of the company or natural person – subject - owner of the TM/ID;
- search through the name or N of the representative of the company or natural person



# Module B: proceeding the search



# All types of TM/ID search start with:

1<sup>st</sup> step:

- open the window 'TM name' on the web site of OAMI/WIPO;

2<sup>nd</sup> step:

- put the identified index, name or number in the specific place;

3<sup>rd</sup> step:

- proceeding the search on the DB of millions TM/ID.

The main digitally based sources for this search are the following web sites:

- [www.oami.europa.eu](http://www.oami.europa.eu) - for protected TM/ID for EC territory
- [www.wipo.int/hague](http://www.wipo.int/hague) - for protected TM/ID on the territory of 167 countries-members of WIPO/Madrid or Hague agreements, Madrid Protocol;
- [www.bpo.org](http://www.bpo.org) - for patented and applied inventions; for registered UM, for protected ID on the territory of Bulgaria;
- [www.tmdn.com](http://www.tmdn.com) - data bases for more than 46 countries all over the world

# Advanced search

## Find term

- Designated territories;
- Select one or more designated territories ;
- Trade mark offices;
- Trade mark name e.g. COLA, COCA-COLA, FRESH, etc.;
- Application /registration number;
- Trade mark type;
- Trade mark status;
- Applicant name e.g. JOHN\*, \*JOHN\*, \*JOHN etc.;
- Nice class e.g. 12,13; 12..15; 1,14,20 etc.;

# World Intellectual Property Organization

IP Services – PCT, Madrid, Hague



## We differ 3 types of search:

- A. search through the classification index of the TM and/or ID we are interested in;
- B. search through the name of the company or the natural person – subject - owner of the TM/ ID;
- C. search for the specified TM or ID number



## Module C: Systematization of the collected information

- Systematization of collected information/ DB:
- for different types of TM/ID – word, figurative and combined;
  - for different classes and/ or countries;
  - for each country and different companies;
  - for different companies and/or classes;



## Module D: Formation of conclusions

- opportunities for protection of signs, logos, company names or others as TM and/or ID;
- legal options for protection of specific sign, logo, others;
- implemented strategies of Bulgarian and foreign companies for protection of their own product or technology excellence;
- acting license agreements for TM/ID;
- business intention /an aim/ for future cooperation in the field of TM/ID



## Final words:

The relationship between the IP search and the management aspects of the company's IP as a business resource in two directions - 'innovations' and 'business indicators', is the source to form a well-based IP strategy including many aspects: innovations, corporate style, license and so on.





THANK YOU  
FOR  
YOUR ATTENTION  
AND  
DISPLAYED INTEREST!

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