



Embedding Authenticity in Assessments for Engineering Education

Parakram Pyakurel
J.B. Soupppez



Introduction

- Authentic assessments simulate workplace tasks
- Can enhance employability skills and student engagement
- Broad concept encompassing Problem Based Learning, Conceive-Design-Implement-Operate, Contextual assessment etc.



What our paper does?

- Characterises authentic assessment for engineering education
- Provide a framework to design authentic assessments in engineering



Paradigm and components

- Objectives/Paradigms of authentic assessment as:
 - Assessment as a tool for learning and self-improvement
 - Improve self-awareness
- Two components of authentic assessments:
 - Employability component
 - Globally conscious component



Characteristics – Employability component [1]

- Authentic assessment should enhance employability prospects
- Closed books exams replaced by regular assessments that mimic workplace tasks
- Assessments informed by industry/prospective employers



Characteristics – Employability component [2]

- Focus on supporting Knowledge, Skills and Behaviours required for employability
- Transferrable skills
 - Teamworking skills; project management skills; communication skills etc.
- Support development of behaviours
 - Growth mindset, adaptability, work attitude, concern for H&S etc.



Globally conscious component [1]

- Authenticity is deeply entangled with society and social practices
- Engineering has very strong societal impacts
- Engineers need to engage more with the public
- Help student:
 - reflect on their professional fields of interests and how that affect society at large



Globally conscious component [2]

- Complex problems and 'wicked problems' with many interacting components as assessment options
- Examples:
 - Affordable housing solutions; efficient transportation; efficient community water purification systems; pollution mitigation solutions etc.



Conceptual framework [1]

- Framework to help design authentic assessments
- Assessments should
 - Support both employability and globally conscious components
 - Reduce the risks of academic misconduct due to inappropriate GenAI use (context based)
- Continuous and regular assessments as opposed to end point exams



Conceptual framework [2]

- Promote self-improvement and self-awareness
 - Self-evaluation report; reflective blogpost; logbooks
 - Self-progress report based on module learning outcomes

- If the class size permits
 - Interviews and Q&A; debates; role plays



Guidelines – Employability component

- Conventional assessments focuses heavily on the Knowledge aspect
- Focus on Knowledge, Skills and Behaviours
- Involve prospective employers in assessment setting
- Embed transferrable skills and behaviours relevant to the module
- Professional competency identified by national/ international professional engineering bodies (e.g. CEng)



Guidelines – Globally conscious component

- Embed elements of liberal studies in both engineering curricula and assessments
- Support student understanding of societal and global impacts of the engineering field
- Examples:
 - How does culture and societal context affect a particular engineering design?
 - What roles could engineering play in reducing global inequality by improving access (to infrastructure)?



Conclusions

- Authentic assessments have potential to:
 - Reduce the gap between workplace demands and capabilities of engineering graduates
 - Make engineering graduates more globally conscious
- More institutions should consider exploring authentic assessments
- Further research based on empirical evidences will help analyse effectiveness of authentic assessments



Thank You!

